

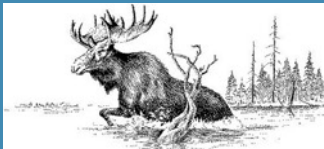
CASPIAN LAKE AND WATERSHED ACTION PLAN (LWAP)

Protecting and Preserving Caspian Lake Starts with a Plan

January 16, 2024



This project has been funded wholly or in part by the United States Environmental Protection Agency under assistance agreement (LC00A00707-0) NEIWPCC in partnership with the Lake Champlain Basin Program (LCBP).



WHAT IS A LAKE AND WATERSHED ACTION PLAN?

A Lake Watershed Action Plan (LWAP) is an **assessment** to **identify** the **greatest threats** to the lake ecosystem, including impacts on water quality and wildlife habitat from stormwater runoff and from altered, cleared, or converted shorelands.

Site ID	Description	Potential BMP Type / Description	Water Quality Score	Cost Score	Additional Benefits Score	Landowner Score	Total Score	Normalized Score	Rank
Wet001/010	Perron/MacNeil Property	Wetland restoration: pond buffer, perennial stream buffer	4	4	13	1	21	100%	1
ST-32	Perron Property - Stream Buffer Restoration	Passive Stream and Riparian Buffer Restoration	3	4	11	1	18	86%	2
ST-31	Alley Property - Stream Buffer Restoration	Passive Stream and Riparian Buffer Restoration	4	4	9	1	17	81%	3
ST-2	Lotspeich Property - Stream Buffer Restoration	Passive Stream and Riparian Buffer Restoration	3	4	9	1	16	76%	4
ST-3	Barr Family, LLC - Stream Restoration	Passive Stream and Riparian Buffer Restoration	3	4	9	1	16	76%	5
ST-33	MacNeil Property - Stream Buffer Restoration	Passive Stream and Riparian Buffer Restoration	2	4	10	1	16	76%	6
Wet005	Barr Family, LLC	Wetland revegetation and perennial stream buffer	2	3	11	1	16	76%	7
ST-8	Barr Family, LLC - Stream Restoration	Passive Stream and Riparian Buffer Restoration	1	4	10	1	15	71%	8
ST-7	Clarke Property - Stream Buffer Restoration	Passive Stream and Riparian Buffer Restoration	2	4	8	1	14	67%	9
ST-6	Lotspeich Property - Stream Buffer Restoration	Passive Stream and Riparian Buffer Restoration	2	4	8	1	14	67%	10

A LWAP Final Report includes a list of **prioritized problems and solutions** and provides a table of projects.

Project Goals

Reduce Phosphorus to the Lake

Reduce Sediment to the Lake

Create Riparian Habitat

Restore Lake Shoreline to More Natural Condition

Reduce Streambank Erosion

Create More Resilient Roads

148 lbs. Annually [37 tons algae]

~350 cu. Ft. Annually (Lakeshore)

25 acres

780 linear feet @ 50' wide

Unmodeled Specifically

1.65 miles to MRGP standards

BASIC STEPS IN AN LWAP

Data Library
Creation

Desktop
Assessment

Field
Assessment

Prioritization

Concept
Design

DATA LIBRARY

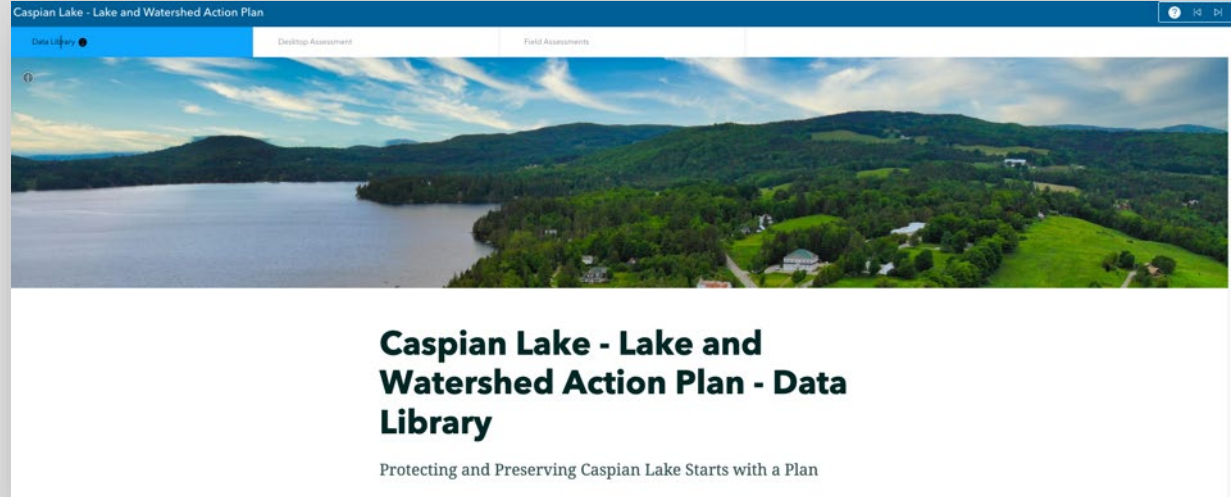
Data Considered

Landuse (2016 UVM SAL Data)

Roads and Road Assessments (MRGP)

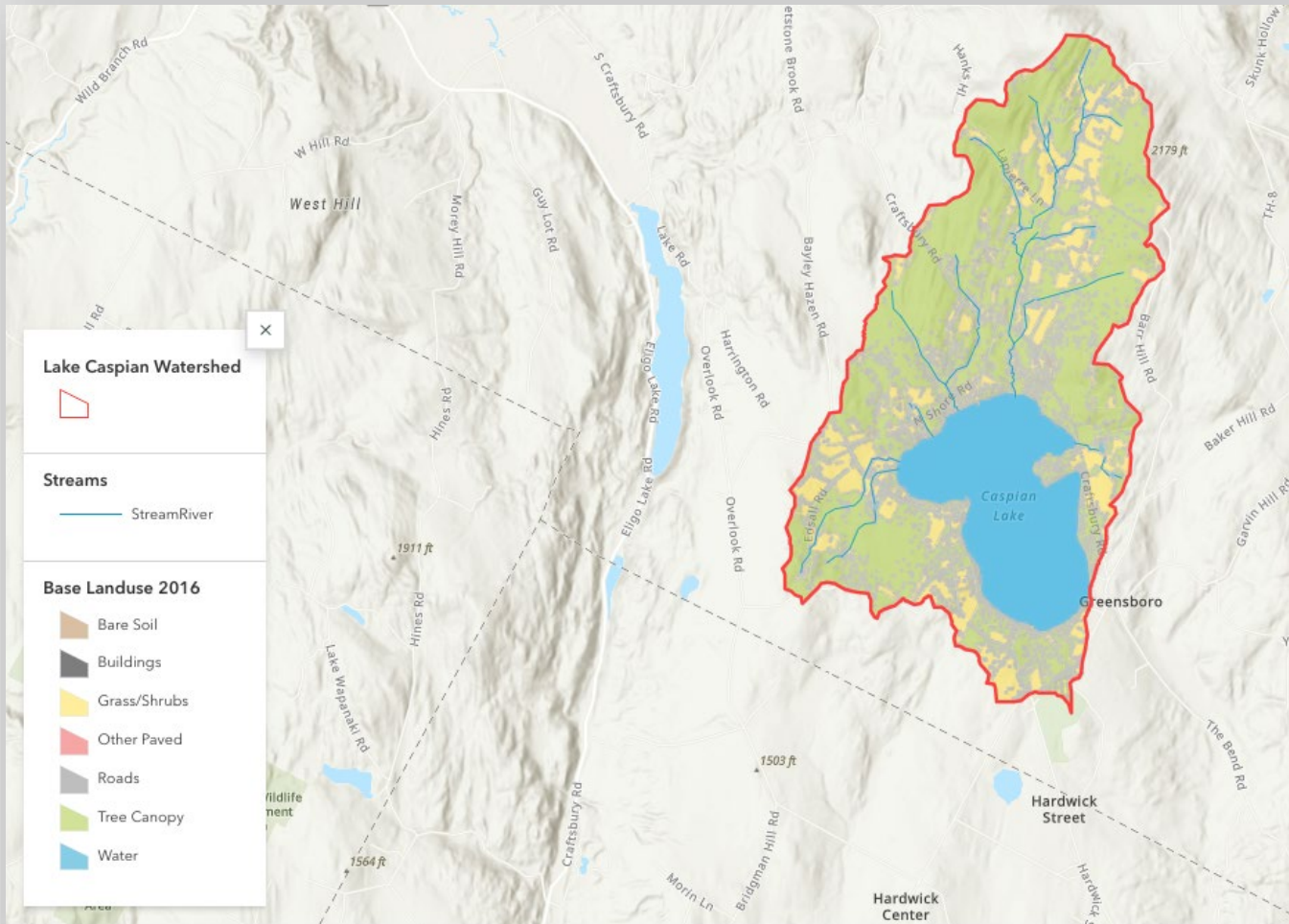
Stream Assessments

Water Quality Data (VT Lay Monitoring Program)



[StoryMap Online](#)

LANDUSE DATA



Takeaways:

Predominantly Forested – 54%

Tree Canopy, Grass/Shrubs, and Water = ~97% of all Landuse

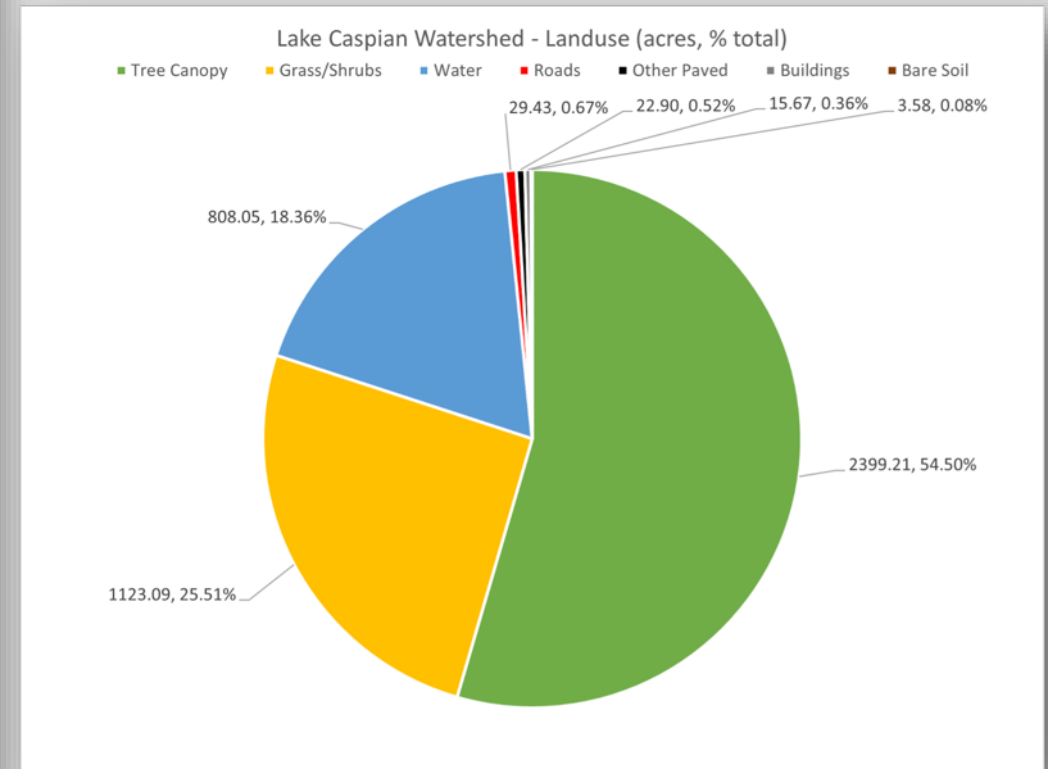
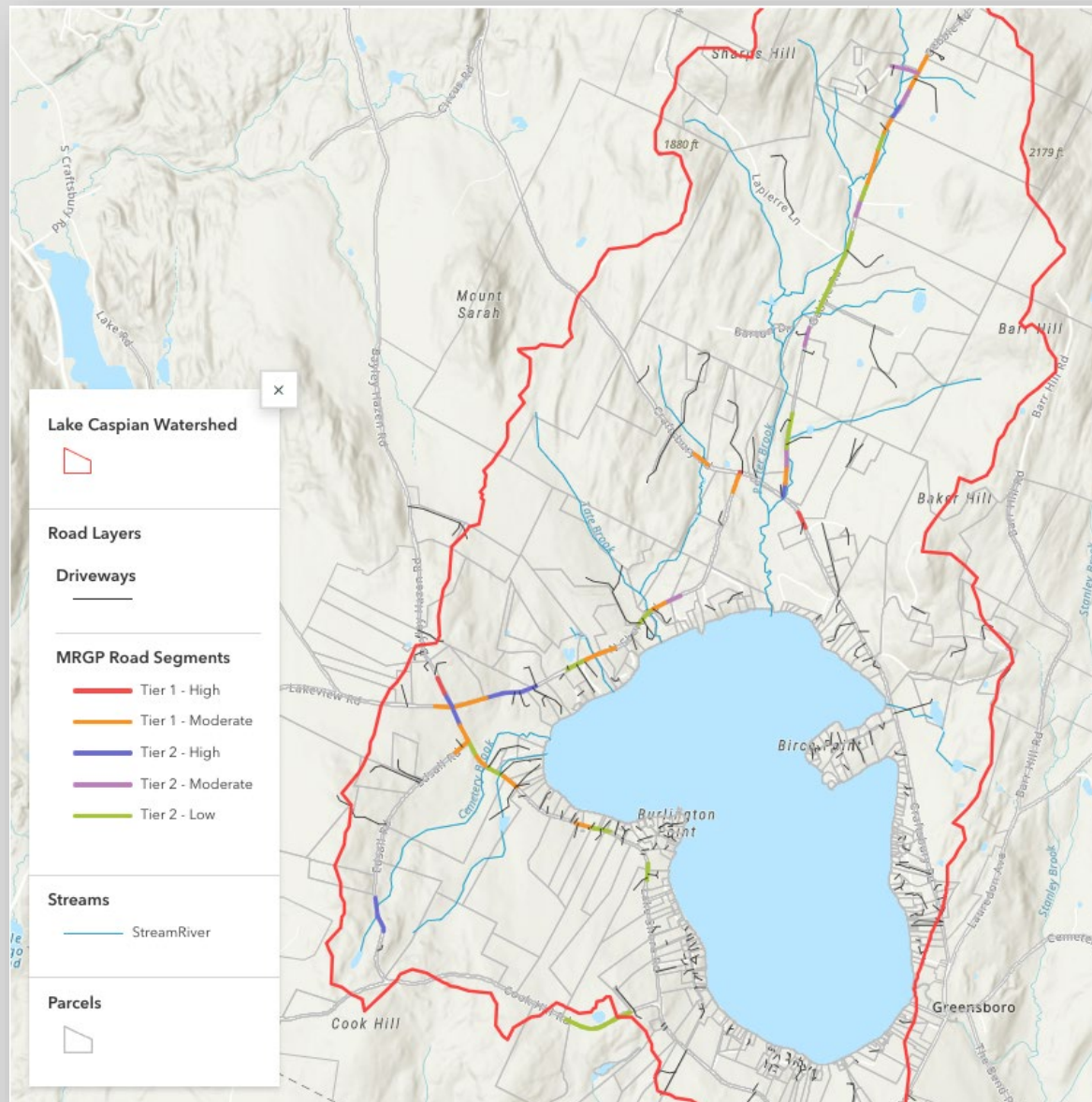


Figure 4: Land use summary - UVM SAL data 2016

ROAD DATA ANALYSIS



Takeaways:
Mostly Town Roads (~60%) - ~34% Driveways
Mostly Gravel (33%)

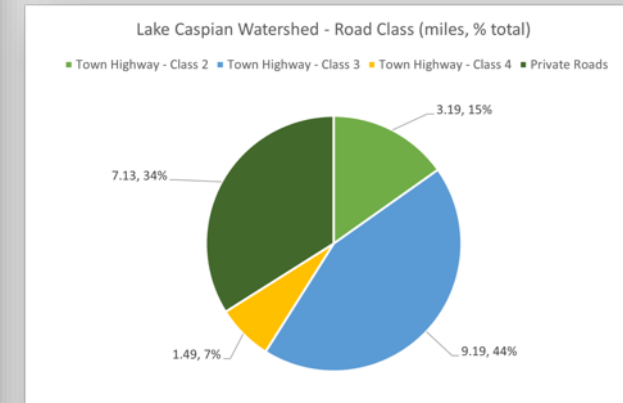


Figure 2: Roads by Road Class

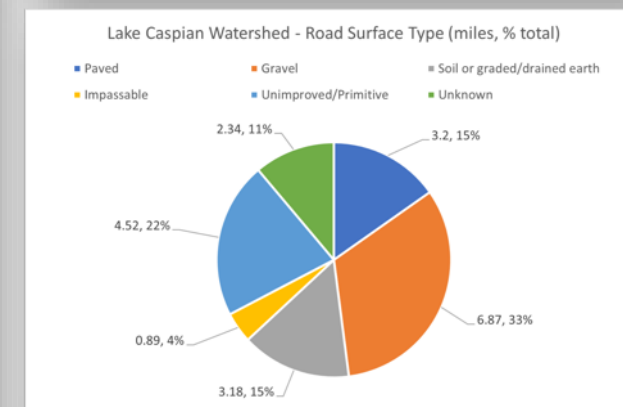
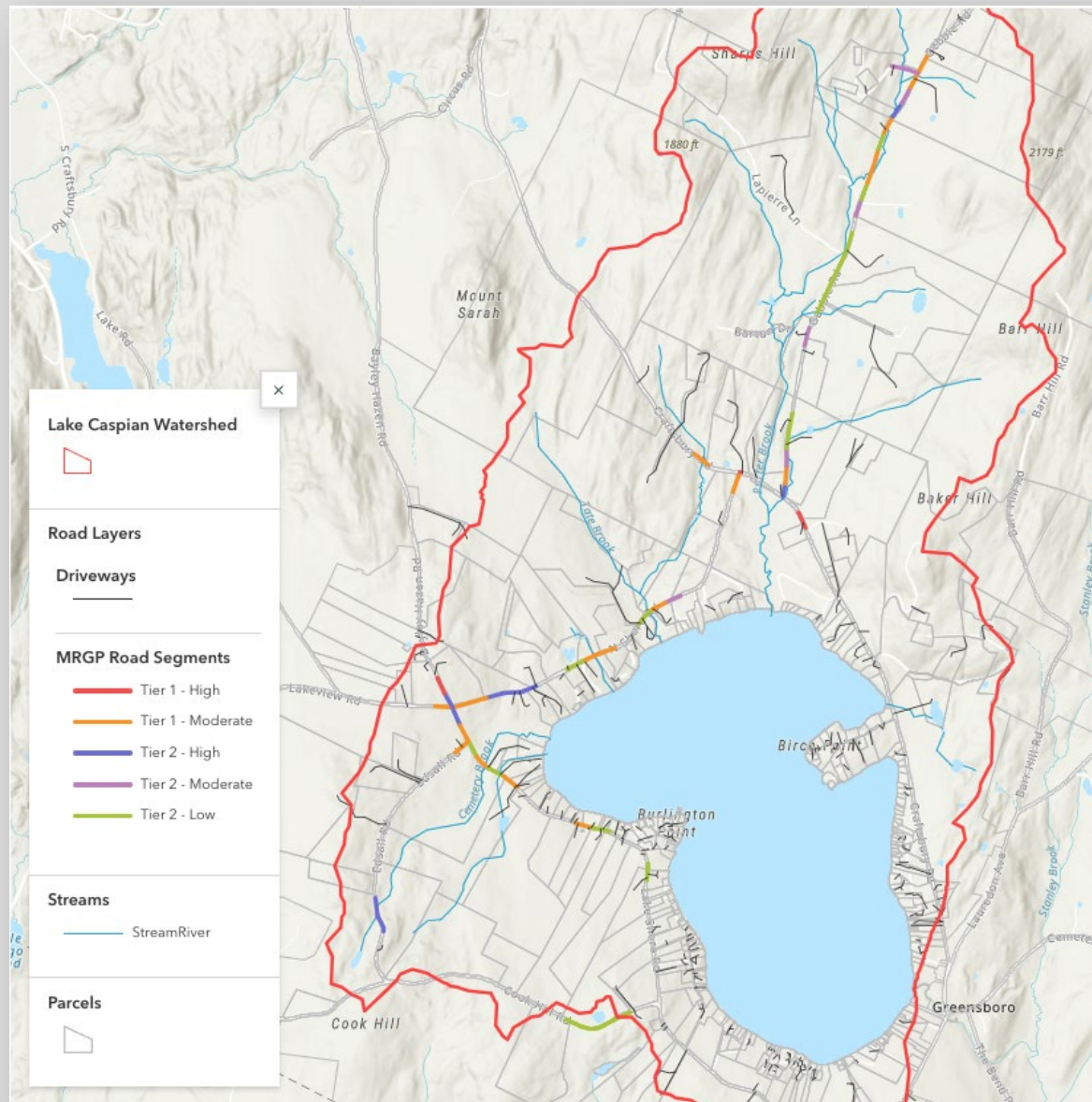


Figure 3: Roads by Surface Type

ROAD DATA ANALYSIS



Municipal Roads General Permit:

Within the Caspian Lake watershed there are 247 road segments (not inclusive of private driveways). Of these, 158 are not connected. Of the remaining 89 segments, the designations are as follows:

Segment Status

- Does Not Meet - 31 Segments
- Partially Meets - 26 Segments
- Fully Meets - 30 Segments
- Incomplete Data - 1 Segment

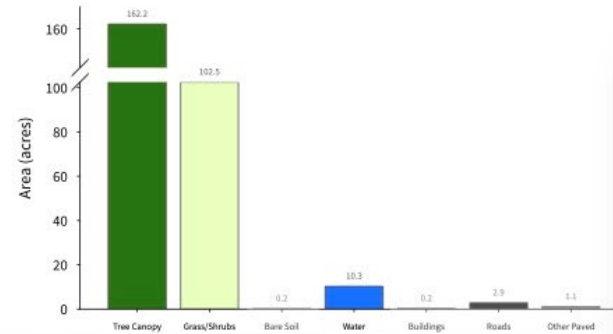
[Link to StoryMap](#)

STREAMS ANALYSIS



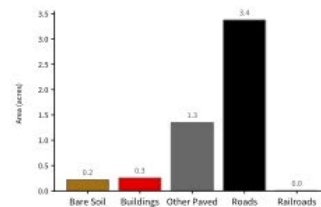
High-Resolution Land Cover Summary

Base Land Cover (Top-Down*)

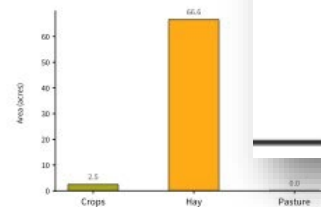


Supplemental Land Cover

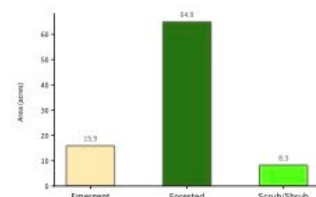
Impervious Surfaces (5.19 acres - 1.9 % of total) (Bottom-Up**)



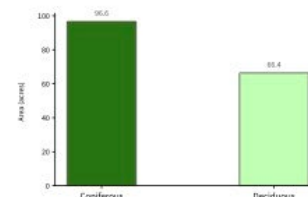
Agriculture (69.13 acres - 24.7 % of total)



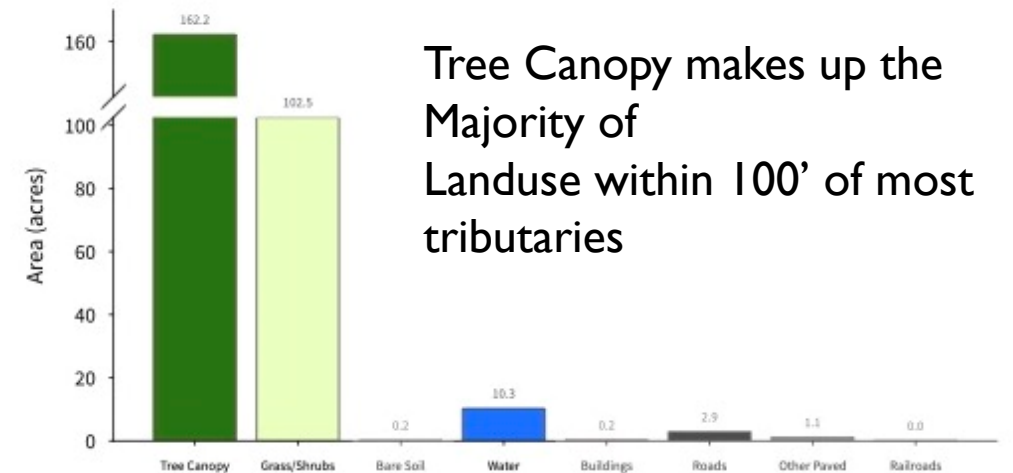
Wetlands (89.08 acres - 31.8 % of total)



Tree Canopy (162.99 acres - 58.2 % of total)



Base Land Cover (Top-Down*)



Tree Canopy makes up the Majority of Landuse within 100' of most tributaries

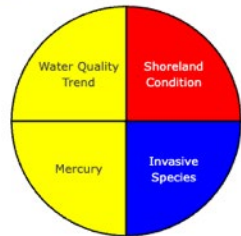
*Top-Down is traditional land cover mapping approach. Land cover is mapped as the top-most land cover class.
**Bottom-Up is land cover mapping approach. Land cover is mapped as the bottom-most land cover class. This approach results in improved mapping of features covered by other features.
Data: 2018 10m High Resolution Land Cover (2018) (OpenStreetMap)

STREAMS ANALYSIS

VT Lay Monitoring Program Data

Vermont Lake Score Card Caspian Lake

Scores Water Quality Data Lake Information



Watershed: **Highly Disturbed**

WQ Standards: **Stressed**

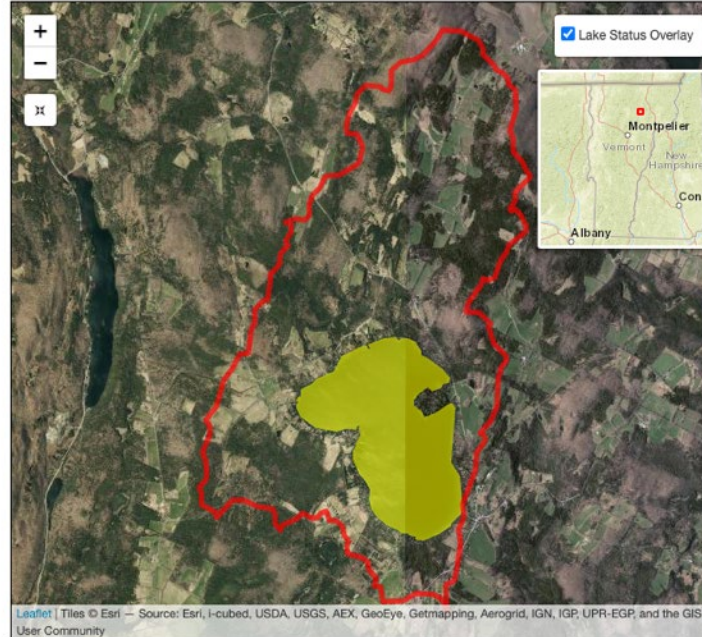
WQ Standards Details

Stressed – Flow alteration

Color Scoring System

- Good Conditions
- Fair Conditions
- Poor Conditions
- Insufficient Data

[Learn How Lakes Are Scored](#)



Vermont Lake Score Card Caspian Lake

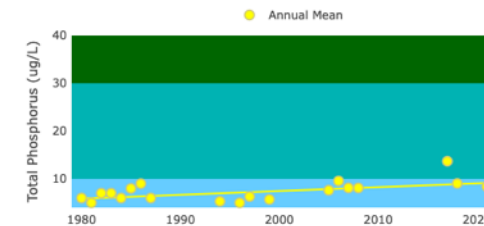
Scores Water Quality Data Lake Information

Plots

- Trophic condition thresholds are indicated by shading:
 - Hypereutrophic
 - Eutrophic
 - Mesotrophic
 - Oligotrophic
- Click on "Daily Mean" or "Annual Mean" to toggle on or off the data layer.

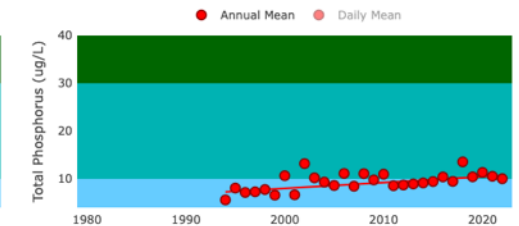
Spring Phosphorus

Trend: Significantly Increasing (p-value = 0.0115)



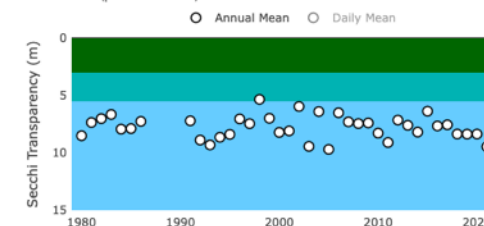
Summer Phosphorus

Trend: Highly Significantly Increasing (p-value = 0.0013)



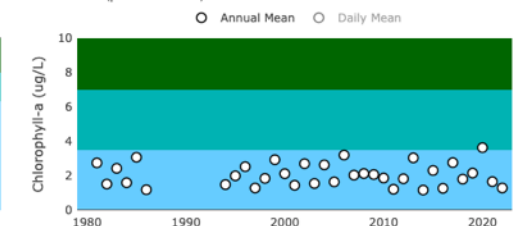
Summer Secchi

Trend: Stable (p-value = 0.1794)



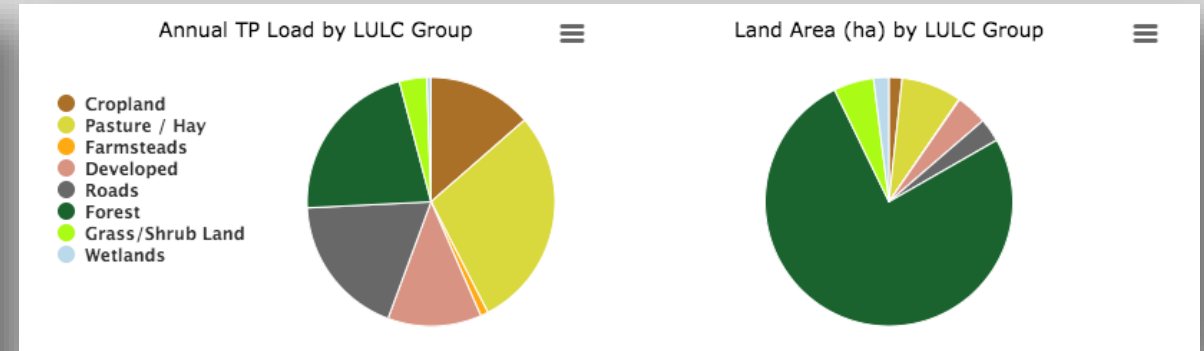
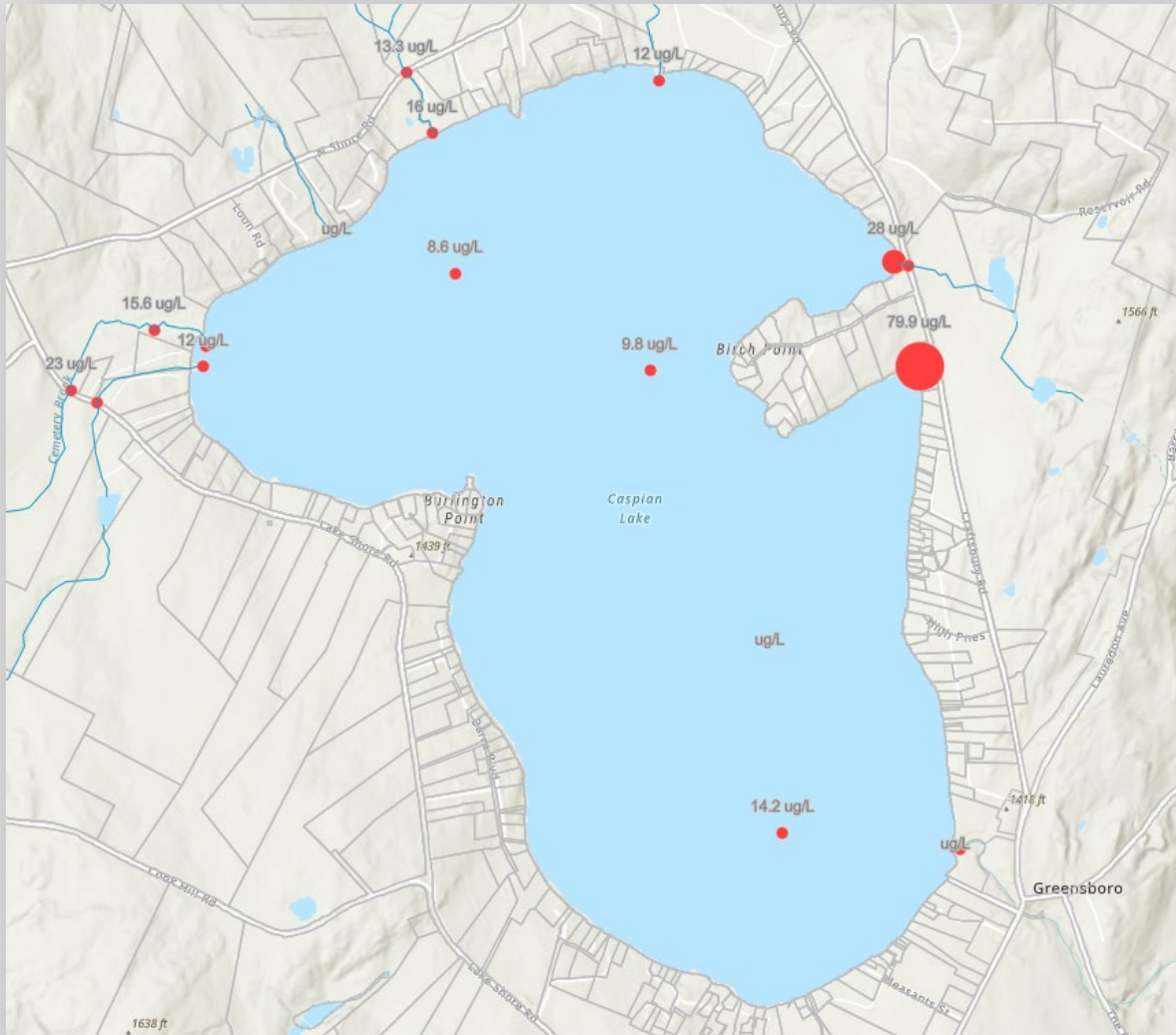
Summer Chlorophyll-a

Trend: Stable (p-value = 0.9434)



WATER QUALITY ANALYSIS

VT Lay Monitoring Program Data



Porter Brook – Annual TP Load by Landuse – Takeaways:

- Most land is forested - associated TP load is ~15-20%
- Roads are small percentage of landuse – associated TP load is ~15%
- Cropland + Pasture/Hay is ~30% of TP load – small percent of landuse
- Developed land is ~15% of TP load – small percent of landuse

STREAMS ANALYSIS

Other Data Considered

Caspian Lake Protection Committee
Annual Reports

Caspian Lake Feeder Stream Study (2014)

Caspian Lake Tributaries Walk (2013)

Water Quality Data (VT Lay Monitoring
Program)

Other Data Considered

Soils (Hydrologic Soil Group,
Erodibility)

Topography (Slope)

Wetlands Data

DESKTOP ASSESSMENT

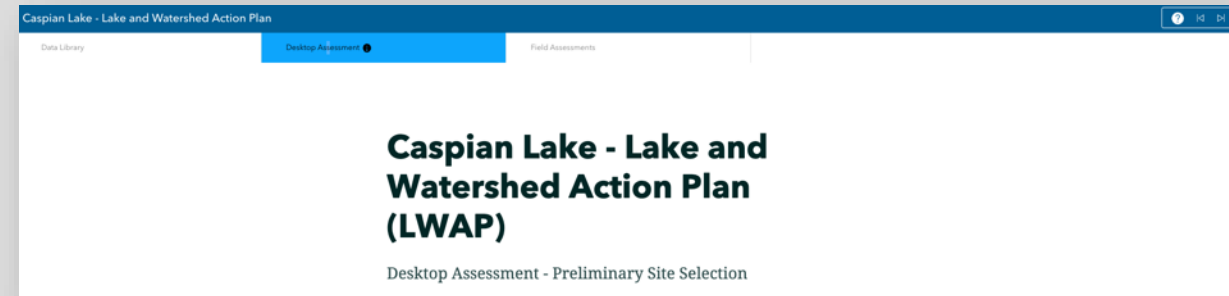
Four Core Areas

Shoreland

Streams

Wetlands

Roads



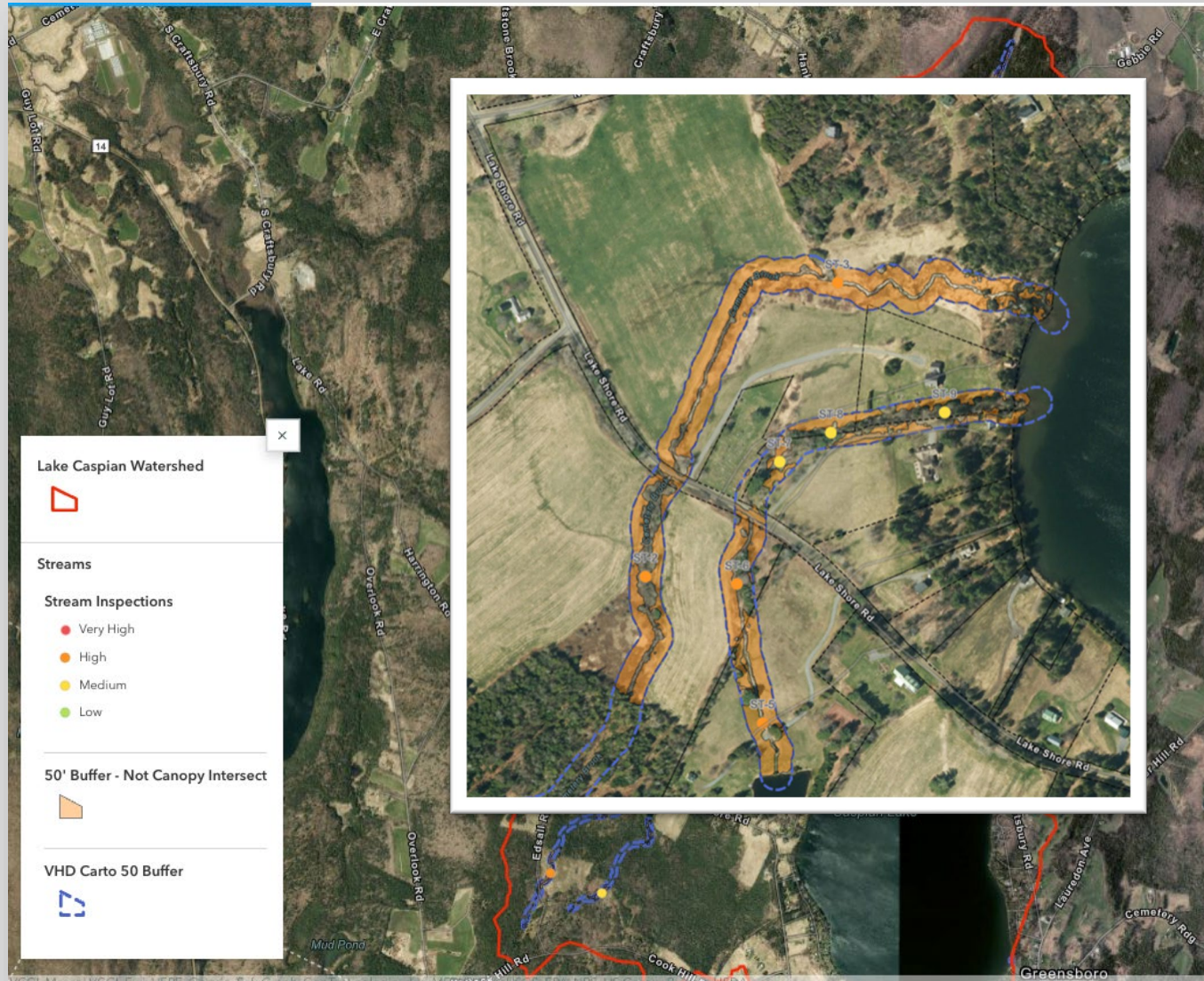
[StoryMap Online](#)

DESKTOP ASSESSMENT - SHORELAND



• **87 Sites Total**

DESKTOP ASSESSMENT - STREAMS



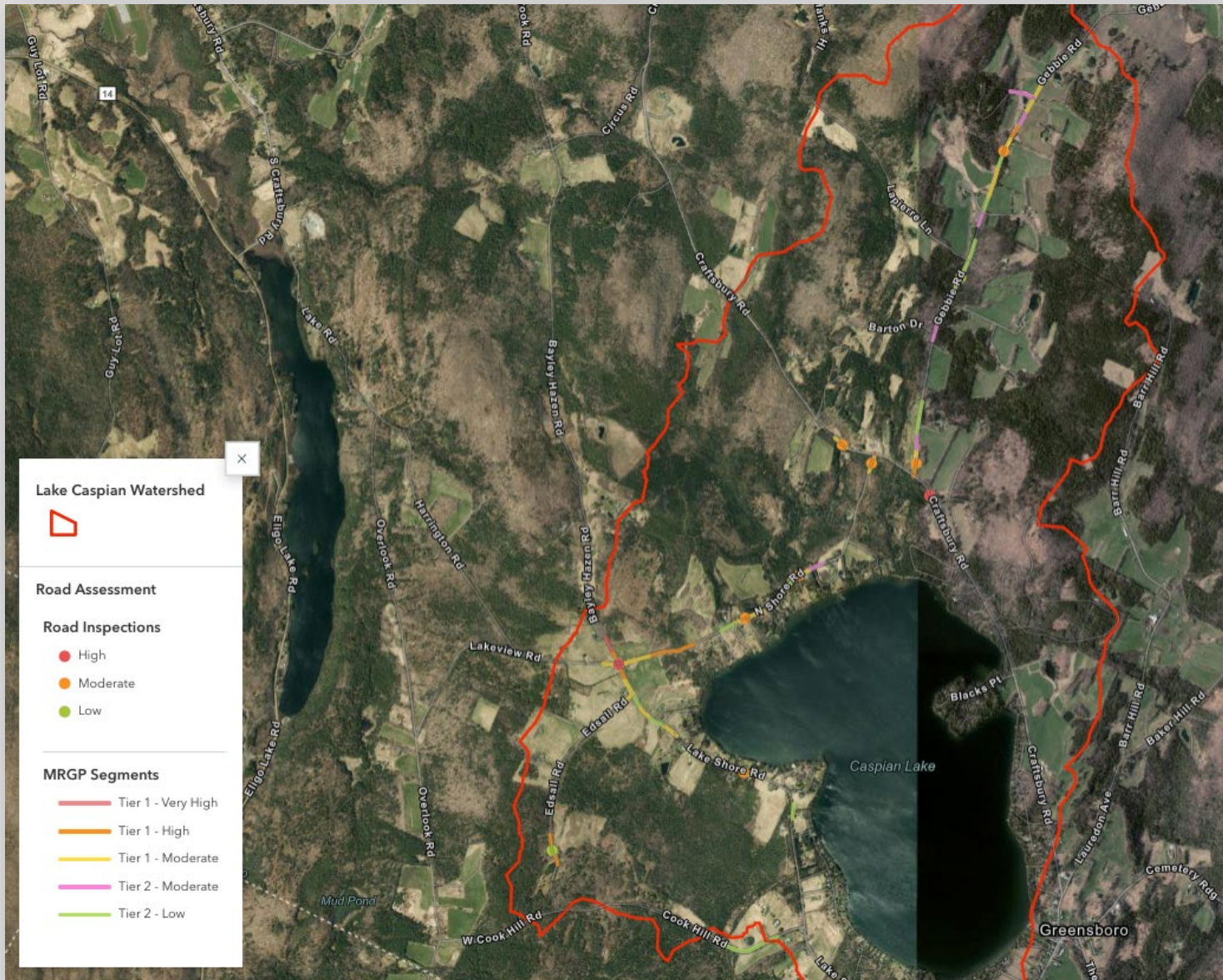
• **33 Sites Total**

DESKTOP ASSESSMENT - WETLANDS



- **10 Sites Total**

DESKTOP ASSESSMENT - ROADS



ID and Preliminary Ranking Process:

- Selected using Road Erosion Inventory (REI) results from Municipal Roads General Permit (MRGP)
- Priority Score is as outlined in chart below:

LWAP Priority Score	Combined Score	Segment Priority
Tier 1 – Very High	Does Not Meet	Very High
Tier 1 – High	Does Not Meet	High
Tier 1 – Moderate	Does Not Meet	Moderate
Tier 2 – Moderate	Partially Meets	Moderate
Tier 2 – Low	Partially Meets	Low

DESKTOP ASSESSMENT - ROADS



- **11 Total Sites**
- **57 MRGP Segments
(18,200' – 3.45 miles)**

FIELD ASSESSMENT

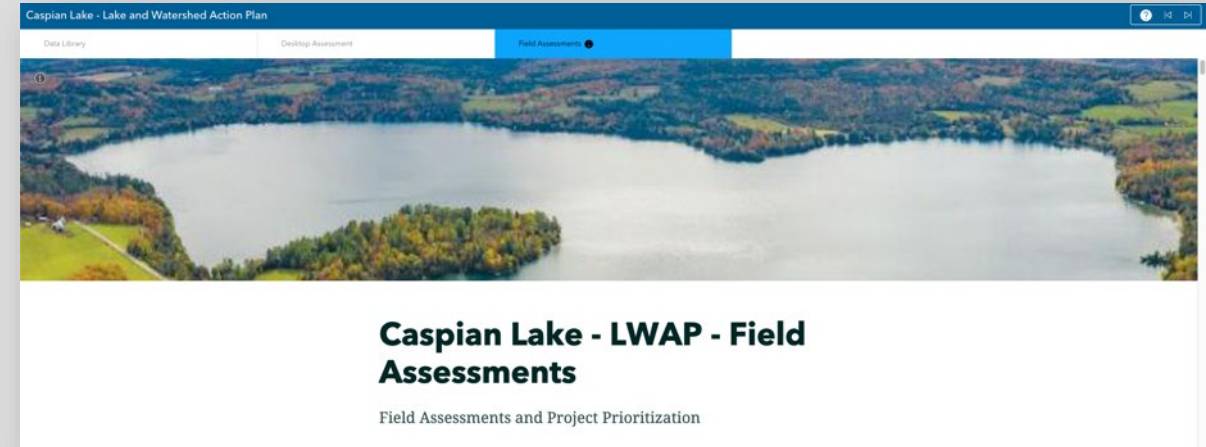
Four Core Areas

Shoreland - ~98 Sites Assessed → 17 Prioritized

Streams – 33 Sites Assessed → 10 Sites Prioritized

Wetlands – 10 Sites Assessed → 3 Sites Prioritized

Roads – 11 Sites Assessed → 5 Sites Prioritized



[StoryMap Online](#)

SCORING

Water Quality Score		Cost Score		Additional Benefits Score										Landowner Score
P Reduction (kg / year)		Efficiency (\$ / kg P removed)		O&M Requirements	Geomorphic Benefits	Addressed Chronic Problem?	Mitigates Flooding?	Educational - Public Demonstration	Infrastructure Conflicts	Reduces Thermal Pollution	Peak Flow Reduction	Enhances /Creates Habitat	Easy Access for Construction	Landowner Support
Additive		Additive		Additive	Additive	Additive	Additive	Additive	Additive	Additive	Additive	Additive	Additive	Multiplicative
0 - 1.21	1	\$0 - 4,183	4	Low - 3	Low - 1	Yes - 1	Yes - 1	Yes - 1	Yes - 0	Yes - 1	Yes - 1	Yes - 1	Yes - 1	Yes - 1
1.22 - 2.93	2	\$4,184 - 14,139	3	Medium - 2	Medium - 2	No - 0	No - 0	No - 0	No - 1	No - 0	No - 0	No - 0	No - 0	No - 0
2.94 - 4.97	3	\$14,140 - 23,157	2	High - 1	High - 3									Unknown - 0
4.98 - 9.55	4	\$23,158 - 40,000	1		No / N/A - 0									

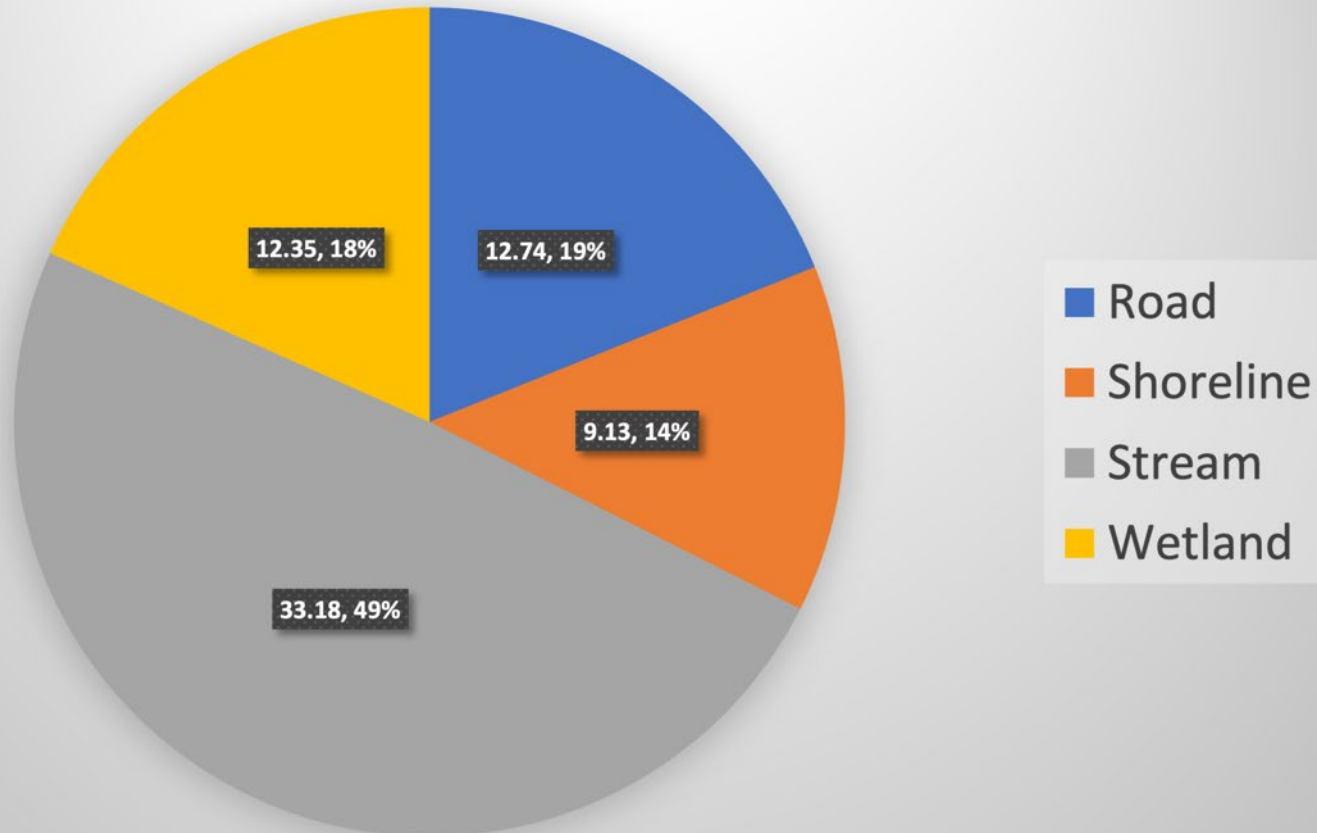
$$\text{TOTAL} = (\text{Water Quality} + \text{Cost} + \text{Additional Benefits}) \times \text{Landowner}$$

- Acre of Buffer Created: \$7,214.00
- Linear Foot of Shoreline Restored: \$150.00
- Mile of Road Brought to MRGP Standard (Median, Not Scaled): \$67,689.00

P Reduction: VT DEC's Phosphorus Reduction Calculator Tool
 Cost: Water Quality Restoration Formula Grant Target and Fund Allocation Methodology

EFFECTIVENESS

P Reduction by Project Type (kg/yr)



For the 34 Prioritized Projects:

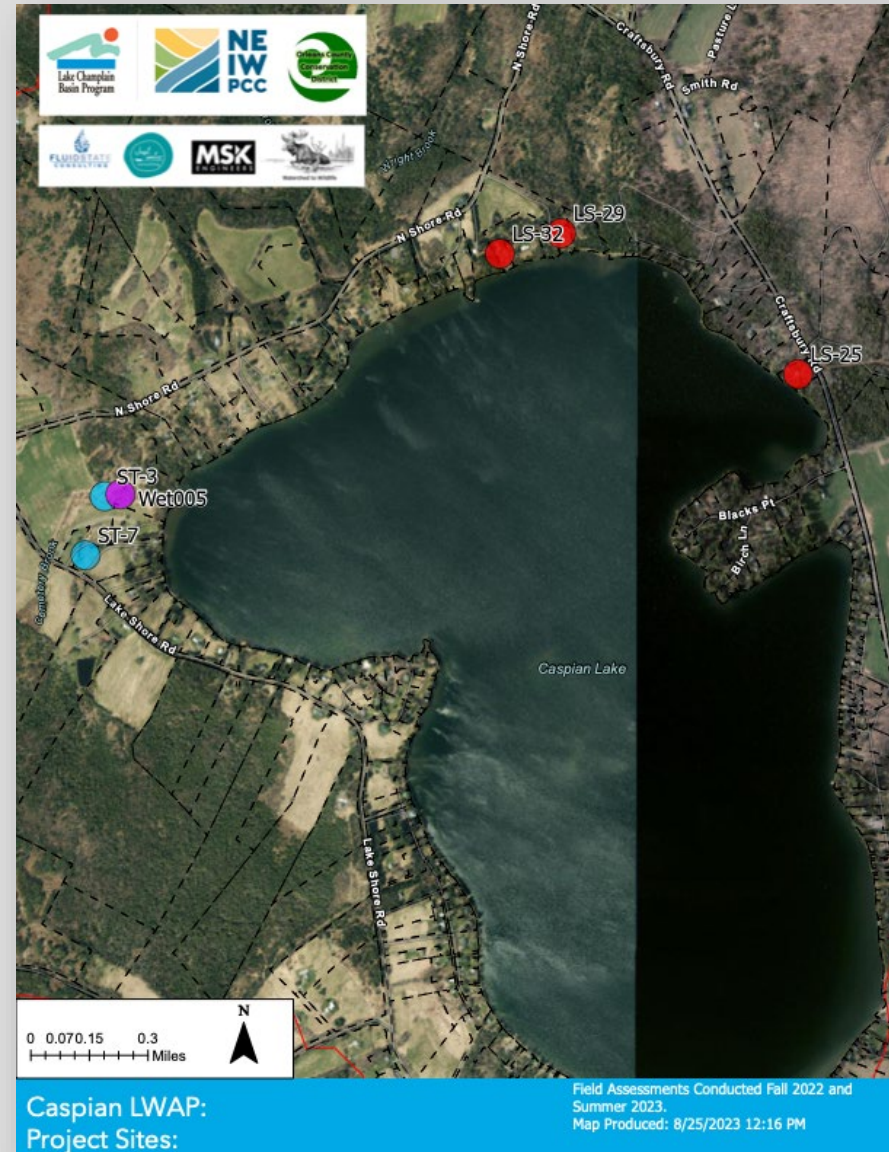
- **67.4 kg/year (148.59 lbs/year)**

LANDOWNER WILLINGNESS IS KEY

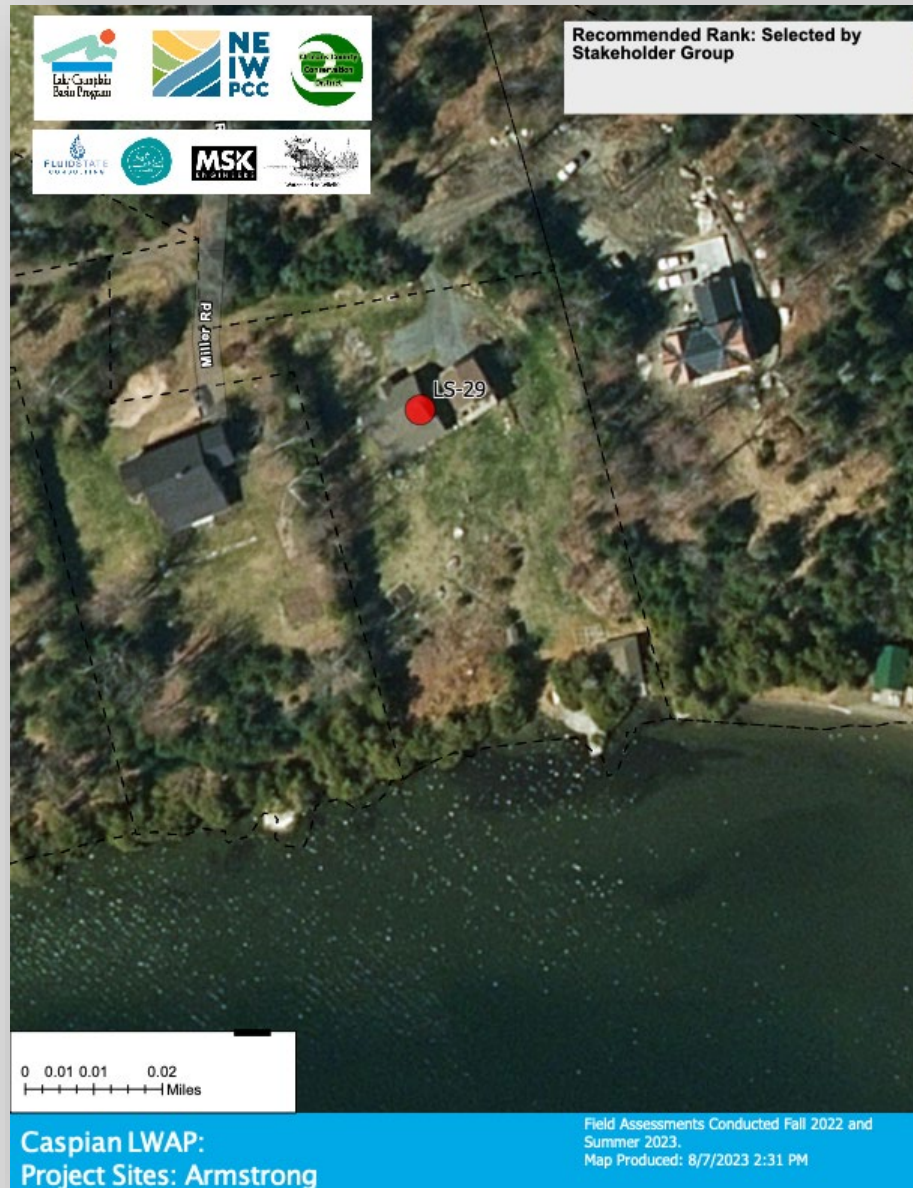
RESULTS

Project Groupings:
Multiples 'Sites' Per Project
Projects Are:

1. Wet005/ST-3
2. LS-25
3. LS-32
4. ST-7
5. LS-29



CONCEPT DESIGN SITE 5 – LS-29



Caspian Lake – Lake & Watershed Action Plan
Field Assessment Summary Sheets

RANK: 16

Site ID: LS-29

Project Type: Lakeshore

Location:	155 MILLER ROAD – Armstrong-Newhouse
Drainage Area (Acres)	3.26
Impervious Managed (Acres)	0.26
Sediment Reduction (cu. Ft / year)	Low
Phosphorus Reduction (kg / year)	0.33
Cost (\$)	\$3,600.00



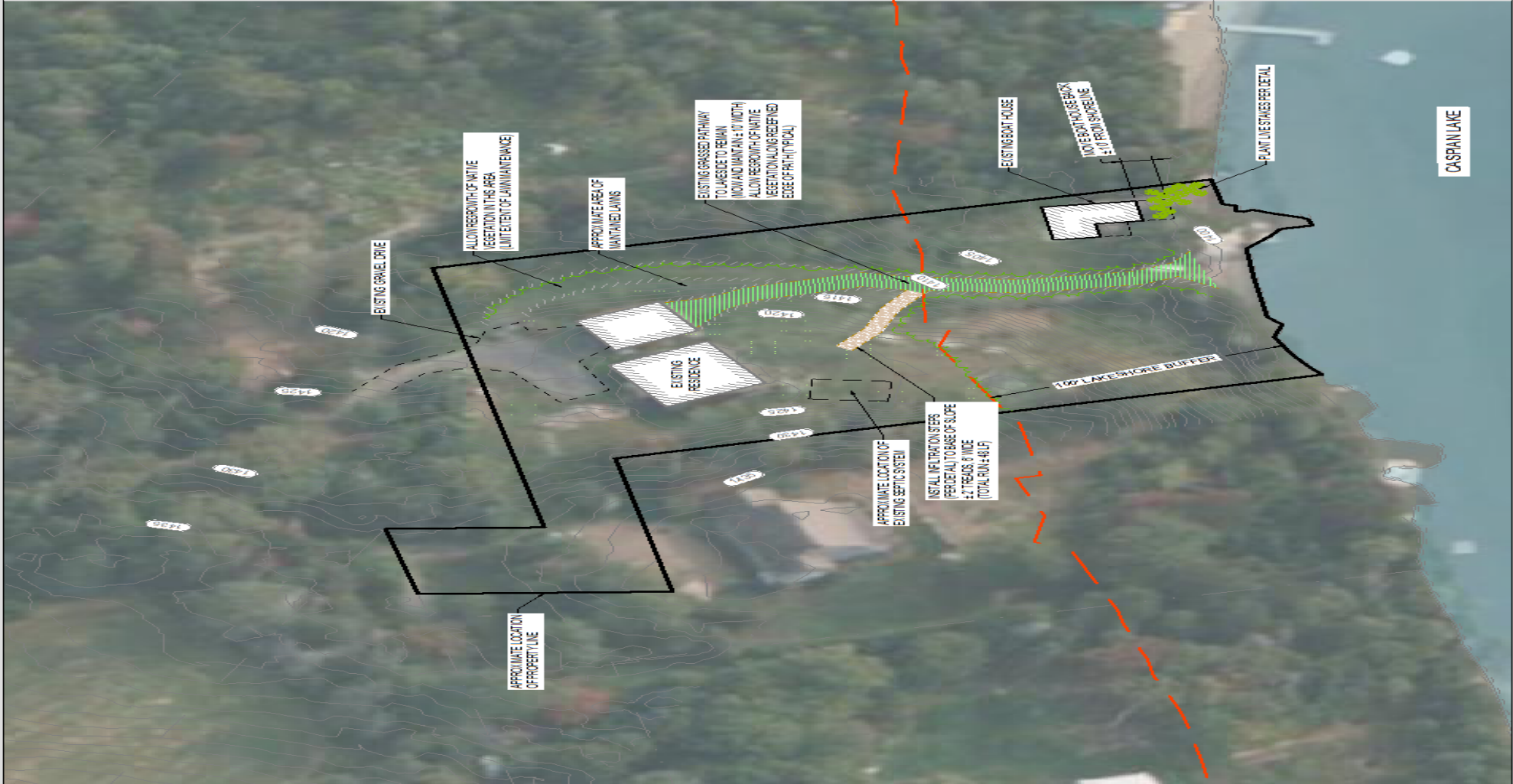
Description:

Large lawn, bank somewhat unstable underneath boathouse, will likely earn Lake Wise award if addressed, plans on replacing structure

Recommendations:

Plant riparian buffer to 50' (approximately 0.5 acres total across parcel). Manage shoreline under boathouse (length unknown – costs and benefits could increase depending on length).

Water Quality Score	Cost Scoring	Additional Benefits Score	TOTAL Score
1	3	7	11 (52%)
Additional Project Benefits: Low O&M, Addressed Chronic Problem, Enhances Habitat, No Infrastructure Conflict, Easy Access for Construction, Landowner Support			Comments:



PARCEL ID: 200-0165
LOCATION: #5 MILLER ROAD

LEGEND

RETENTION STEPS
± 2 TRENCHES, 8' WIDE

MAINTAINED LAWN AREA

GRASSSED PATHWAY

LAWN MAINTENANCE LIMITED
(ALLOW REGROWTH OF NATIVE FLORA)

APPROXIMATE LIMITS OF NEW NATIVE
FLORA TO BE REESTABLISHED

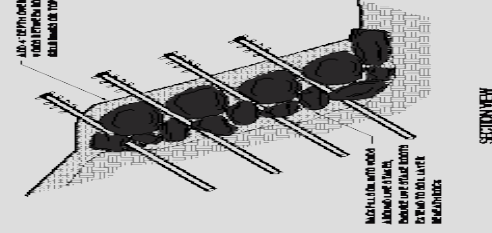
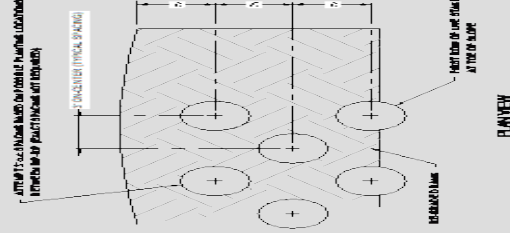
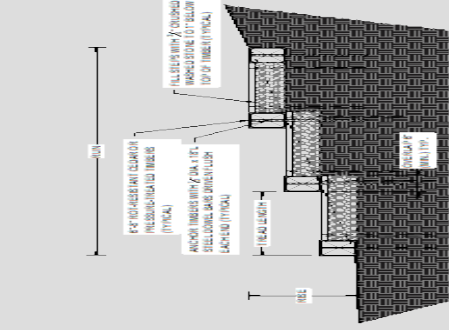
100 FEET

Estimated Cost: \$17,993
P Removed / Year: 1.19 lbs.
Efficiency: \$15,120 / lbs. P

DATE	11-01-2020
NAME	DAVID
MS	AL
SHEET NUMBER	LS-29

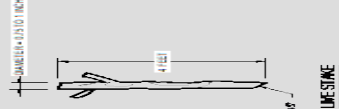
MSK
P.L.L.C. 400 DEPOT STREET
GREENSBORO, VERMONT 05743
PH: 802-442-4000 FAX: 802-442-4001
ENGINEERS

CASPIAN LAKE
WATERSHED ACTION PLAN
GREENSBORO, VERMONT



L&S		UNITS	TOTAL	UNIT COST	TOTAL COST
General Location					
Mobilization	US	0	\$	1,000.00	\$
Heavy Equipment	US	0	\$	5,000.00	\$
Excavator and Backhoe Comp	US	1	\$	1,000.00	\$
Contract					
Contract Excavation	Q	15	\$	30.00	\$ 450.00
Tripel	Q	40	\$	80.00	\$ 3,200.00
Field	SF	390	\$	0.50	\$ 195.00
Flaminge Haul	EA	7	\$	500.00	\$ 3,500.00
Summary Section					
Infrastructure	IS	48	\$	55.00	\$ 2,640.00
Log Storage	EACH	7	\$	250.00	\$ 1,750.00
Other					
Refueling Haul	US	1	\$	5,000.00	\$ 5,000.00
US \$66 TOTAL					\$11,680.00
TOTAL WITH MOBILIZATION AND 25% CONTINGENCY					\$14,418.00

PLANT LIST			
ID	COMMON NAME	BOTANIC NAME	PLANTING LOCATION
TREES			
CONIFEROUS			
AR	PAW SAPIN	ABIES INAMURA	RENNANK-SHIT FROM DAE PLAND
PS	WATER PINE	PODUS STROBUS	UPLAND
TD	EVERGREEN CEDAR (HORNEMONG)	THUJA OCCIDENTALIS	RENNANK-SHIT FROM DAE PLAND
DECIDUOUS			
AR	RED MAPLE	ACER RUBRUM	RENNANK-SHIT FROM DAE PLAND
AS	SILVER MAPLE	ACER SACHALINUM	RENNANK-SHIT FROM DAE PLAND
ASU	SILVER MAPLE	ACER SACHALINUM	UPLAND
BP	GREY BIRCH	BETULA POPULIFOLIA	RENNANK-SHIT FROM DAE PLAND
PT	QUAKING ASPEN	POPULUS TREULOWIDES	UPLAND
LR	LARCH	LARIX KOREANA	RENNANK-SHIT FROM DAE PLAND
SN	BLACK MALLOW	SHALIMERA	RENNANK-SHIT FROM DAE PLAND
SHRUBS			
VA	MIDLAND SHRUB	YERBURNIUM	RENNANK-SHIT FROM DAE PLAND
CS	RED WING DOGWOOD	CORNUS SERICEA	RENNANK-SHIT FROM DAE PLAND
SA	MEDICAL SHEET	SPINARIA	RENNANK-SHIT FROM DAE PLAND
PV	CHERRY	PRUNUS VIRENANA	RENNANK-SHIT FROM DAE PLAND
SC	ELDERBERRY	SAMBELUS CANDIDUS	RENNANK-SHIT FROM DAE PLAND
SD	COMMON BASS WILLOW	SALIX BACULOR	RENNANK-SHIT FROM DAE PLAND
VA	LOW BUSH BLUEBERRY	VACCINIUM ANGUSTIFOLIUM	UPLAND
VD	HIGH BUSH COWBERRY	YERBURNIUM PLUMMIFOLIUM	RENNANK-SHIT FROM DAE PLAND
SEEDLINGS			
	NEW ZEALAND HEMLOCK	WETLAND SEEDLING	WETLAND
	WETLAND WET MEADOWS VERBON	WETLAND SEEDLING	WETLAND
	BUSH		
OTHER COMMON WETLAND PLANTS			



1. **Identify the author and his/her/their educational background.** Is the author a professional? Is the author a student? Is the author a scientist? Is the author a writer?
2. **Identify the title of the paper and the journal.** Is the title of the paper relevant to the topic? Is the title of the paper clear? Is the title of the paper concise?
3. **Identify the journal.** Is the journal relevant to the topic? Is the journal a peer-reviewed journal? Is the journal a scientific journal?
4. **Identify the year of publication.** Is the year of publication relevant to the topic? Is the year of publication current? Is the year of publication recent?
5. **Identify the publisher.** Is the publisher relevant to the topic? Is the publisher a reputable publisher? Is the publisher a scientific publisher?
6. **Identify the volume and issue.** Is the volume and issue relevant to the topic? Is the volume and issue current? Is the volume and issue recent?
7. **Identify the pages.** Is the page range relevant to the topic? Is the page range clear? Is the page range concise?
8. **Identify the keywords.** Are the keywords relevant to the topic? Are the keywords clear? Are the keywords concise?
9. **Identify the abstract.** Is the abstract relevant to the topic? Is the abstract clear? Is the abstract concise?
10. **Identify the introduction.** Is the introduction relevant to the topic? Is the introduction clear? Is the introduction concise?
11. **Identify the methods.** Are the methods relevant to the topic? Are the methods clear? Are the methods concise?
12. **Identify the results.** Are the results relevant to the topic? Are the results clear? Are the results concise?
13. **Identify the discussion.** Is the discussion relevant to the topic? Is the discussion clear? Is the discussion concise?
14. **Identify the conclusion.** Is the conclusion relevant to the topic? Is the conclusion clear? Is the conclusion concise?
15. **Identify the references.** Are the references relevant to the topic? Are the references clear? Are the references concise?

3 LIVE STAKE PLANTING DETAILS

31% REVIEW: FOR PLANNING ONLY
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

NAME	DATE
194-AM	11-15-2017
THRU	DATE
MS	AS

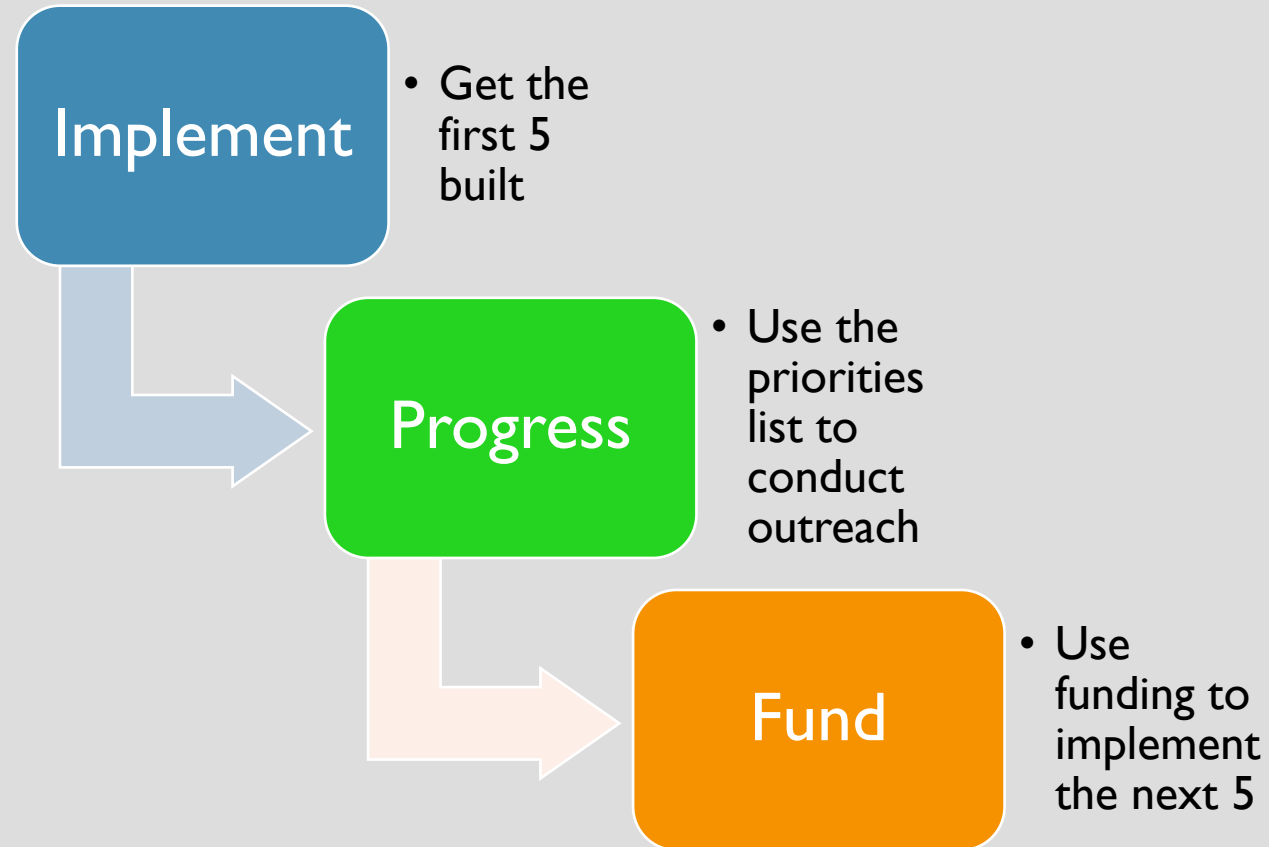
PROJECT NUMBER
15-29

MSK
ENGINEERS

P.O. BOX 420, 420 INDUSTRY STREET
BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA 35202
PH (205) 462-1402 FAX (205) 462-1251

**CASPIAN LAKE
WATERSHED ACTION PLAN
GREENSBORO, VERMONT**

BEYOND THE CONCEPT SITES



GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS - PROGRAMMATIC



Climate-Smart Planning

Work with dam
stakeholders on lake level

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS - PROGRAMMATIC

- 
- 1 Social Marketing – Lake Wise & Stream Wise – better buffers
 - 2 Storm Smart Assessments – developed land runoff
 - 3 Extend Shoreland Protection Zone to Tributaries
 - 4 Adopt River Corridor Protection Bylaws
 - 5 Adopt VLCT Stormwater Bylaws
 - 6 Hold a Lake Wise Septic Social
 - 7 Support the Town's work with the MRGP

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS – INDIVIDUAL & DIY



Adopt a No-Mow or Low-Mow Lawn on the Lake and streams

Use the [VT Guide to Stormwater for Homeowners](#) to manage your house's runoff

If you can, remove any development within 50' of the Lake or stream – it all helps!

For hay/pasture – minimize the hayed area near streams or the Lake – outside 50' is great

Look at your lakeshore retaining wall – could it be brought alive?

Make sure you maintain your septic system – even if they're not broken, they might need TLC

Encourage your neighbors (kindly!) to adopt similar practices – everyone loves the Lake!

Consider conserving
your land

Join the Stewards of
Greensboro Watershed

QUESTIONS?